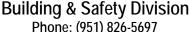
City of Riverside



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❖ RESIDENTIAL CONVENTIONAL CONSTRUCTION ❖

The **California Building Code**, Section 2308 discusses some of the basic concepts and provisions relevant to conventional light-frame wood construction. By following the guidelines listed below, plans for a typical wood framed home may be prepared without the review of a professional Architect or Engineer. Nevertheless, we encourage you to seek the advice and review of a professional Architect or Engineer whenever possible, even if the code does not require it.

- **1.** A maximum of two stories is allowed (no split level).
- 2. Rectangular or L-shaped in plan (not unduly irregular).
- **3.** Continuous external and internal bearing stud wall type footings (no spread footings or stepped footings).
- 4. Continuous and uninterrupted floor diaphragms (except for stairwell openings).
- **5.** Gable or hipped roof (no gambrel, shed, split shed, or flat roofs).
- **6.** Roof pitch between 3 in 12 and 6 in 12 inclusive.
- 7. Distance between interior and exterior bearing walls shall not exceed 25 feet.
- **8.** No floor area or walking deck over the garage.
- **9.** Exterior and interior walls to be braced in accordance with Sections 2308.9.3 and 2308.12.4 of the California Building Code.
- **10.** Limit header spans to no more than 12' when supporting roof loads only, and no more than 10' when supporting floor loads.
- **11.** Headers required to be larger than 4"X 12" due to excessive spans or loads may require analysis by an Architect or Engineer.
- **12.** Truss spans are limited to 40 feet maximum.

Any special feature not included above which would adversely affect the structural stability of the building, or which may require a structural analysis will classify the building as a non-conventional structure requiring an engineer's or architect's review and signature in accordance with the Business and Professions Code of the State of California.